Determining Eligibility for Early Start and Lanterman Services

Board of Directors' Training
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Broad Objective

Overview of eligibility determination for Early Start and Lanterman services

* Brief Process Overview

* Eligibility Criteria

Early Start and Lanterman: Overview

	Early Start	Lanterman	
Ages	0-3 years	3+ years	
Eligibility criteria	Federal	State	
Focus	Developmental delays and early intervention	Developmental disability and support	
Eligibility determination	Up to 45 days	Up to 120 days	
Referrals	300-400/month	50-70/month	
Persons served	3,727 persons	6,908 persons (3-18 years old) 11,481 persons (19+ years old)	
		3	

Specialists in Health Resource Group

Board Certified Neurologist

Board Certified Clinical Geneticist

Clinical Psychologists (pediatric, child, adult, developmental disabilities forensic, Serious Mental Illness (SMI) specialties)

Clinical Pharmacist

Occupational Therapist

Speech Therapist

Nursing (pediatric and adult specializations)

BCBAs (pediatric and adult specializations)



Eligibility Approach at RCOC

Overarching goals

- Follow the law
- Be fair (i.e., use objective measures and criteria)
- Be consistent
- Be thorough

Obtain information from as many sources as possible

But What's the Harm in Making Everyone Eligible?

- Not legal
- Not ethical (Do no harm!)
- Rosenthal/Pygmalion Effect



Eligibility Approach at RCOC (cont'd)

Seek additional information if what is available is inadequate or conflicting

- Direct assessment of applicant by RCOC's MDs and/or psychologists
- Observation of applicant in his/her home, school or the community (or multiple settings)

RCOC eligibility is separate and apart from educational, social security, or medical eligibility

Process Overview

Inquiry is initiated and documentation is provided

Intake SC and specialists (if applicable) review documentation

Early Start: The case is assigned to Intake SC

Comprehensive Intake including developmental screening Lanterman: If eligible condition is confirmed or person is believed to have an eligible condition, the case is assigned to an Intake SC

Comprehensive Intake

Process Overview (cont'd)

Multidisciplinary review by indicated specialists (e.g., OT, nurse, MD, BCBA, Psychologist)

Early Start

Lanterman

If determination can be made, services are put in place

If determination cannot be made, an outside evaluation is conducted and the need for services, type, and level are determined after another review

Eligibility is determined if there is a consensus among specialists after comprehensive review of records

If a determination cannot be made, a Transdisciplinary assessment is offered 9

When an Applicant Is Found Eligible



Early Start

Lanterman

Early Start service coordinator is assigned Lanterman service coordinator is assigned

Individual Family
Program Plan
(IFSP) is
developed to
determine needed
services

Individual
Program Plan
(IPP) is developed
to determine
needed services

What Happens When an Applicant Is Found Ineligible?

Early Start	Lanterman
Applicant or their family can request a Fair Hearing. • May be offered a Planning Team Meeting	Applicant or their family can request a Fair Hearing. • May be offered a TDA
Family Resource Center continues to monitor and send out Ages and Stages Questionnaire.	Applicant can reapply in the future if new information is available.
If delays continue, family is encouraged to come back for revaluation.	Family can reapply when their child is older and has not made progress as expected.
Appropriate referral information is provided, when indicated.	Appropriate referral information is provided, when indicated.











Common Referral Sources for Early Start



- Neonatal Intensive Care Unit (NICU)
- Pediatricians and other medical specialists
- Self-referred
- Daycares
- Outreach (via developmental screening offered in the community)

Early Start Eligibility Categories Birth-36 months



- Established Risk
- High Risk for Developmental Disability
 - Parent who is a Person Served
 - Developmental Delay



Established Risk

Conditions that are known to or have a high probability of developmental delay, e.g., Down Syndrome, severe brain bleed, stroke, meningitis

High Risk



- •Children who have two or more medical conditions that puts them at high risk for developmental delays.
- Children who have a parent served through RCOC

Eligibility is determined by Intake RN and MD after reviewing medical records 15

Developmental Delay

33% delay in one or more areas of development:

- Cognition
- Gross Motor
- Fine Motor
- Receptive Language
- Expressive language
- Social/Emotional
- Self-help/Adaptive



Eligibility is determined by developmental evaluations completed by therapists (PT, OT, ST, BT, infant teacher) funded by RCOC or through insurance.

Turning Three

All children who are receiving Early Start services are reviewed by a psychologist and medical doctor for Lanterman eligibility when they turn three years old

- On average, about 180 children turn three each month or approximately 2,160 per year
- On average, 12% of children are eligible for Lanterman at age three each month, or approximately 260 per year

Lanterman Services Age 3-adult





Lanterman Act Eligibility Requirements

As defined in the Lanterman Act and Title 17

What is a developmental disability?

What are ineligible conditions?

What constitutes an eligible diagnosis?

What constitutes a substantial disability?

Developmental Delay vs. Developmental Disability

- The eligibility criteria for Early Start services are different than the criteria for Lanterman Act Services
- Most children who have a developmental delay do NOT have a developmental disability

Developmental Delay









What Is a Developmental Disability?

- A disability that is due to intellectual disability, cerebral palsy, epilepsy, autism
 - Must be diagnosed by qualified professional (MD, Psychologist, not the school or neighbor)
- Disabling conditions found to be closely related to intellectual disability or to require treatment similar to that required for individuals with intellectual disability (5th category)

What Conditions Are NOT Developmental Disabilities?

Solely psychiatric disorders

Solely learning disabilities

Conditions that are solely physical

- Blindness
- Deafness
- Spinal cord injury
- Most muscle diseases such as muscular dystrophy

Psychiatric Conditions of Particular Note

- Schizophrenia
- Post TraumaticStress Disorder
- Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder
- Substance Use Disorders

- Selective Mutism
- Social Anxiety Disorder
- Bi-polar Disorder
- Disruptive Mood

 Dysregulation

 Disorder

 Disorder

Person served may be eligible due to a developmental disability and have mental illness (dual diagnoses).

Four Aspects of Eligibility

To be eligible, all of the following criteria must be met

- 1. Eligible diagnosis:
 - Intellectual Disability
 - Cerebral Palsy
 - Epilepsy
 - Autism
 - Condition like Intellectual Disability
- 2. Time of Onset: Originating < Age 18
- 3. Prognosis: Likely to continue indefinitely
- **4. Severity**: Substantially disabled defined as significant functional limitations areas of \geq 3 areas of major life activity





Eligible Diagnoses: "5th Category"

Conditions closely related to intellectual disability, BUT NOT conditions that are solely physical or psychiatric

Examples:

Some genetic disorders

Traumatic Brain Injury

Fetal Alcohol Syndrome

Eligible Diagnoses: Category"

Genetic conditions that have expected poor developmental outcome:

- ✓ Trisomy 21 (Down Syndrome)
- ✓ Cornelia de Lange Syndrome
- ✓ Cri-du-chat Syndrome (Cat's Cry/5p deletion)
- ✓ Kabuki Syndrome
- ✓ Fragile X (not carrier but with full mutation)











What Is a Substantial Disability?

Significant functional limitations in three or more areas of major life activity

- Applicant's age is taken into account
- Must differentiate between "can't do" a skill or task and "can do but chooses not to"





Seven Areas of Major Life Activity

Area		Age	
	Birth to 5	6 to 18	Over 18
Learning	X	X	X
Receptive and Expressive Language	X	X	X
Mobility	X	X	X
Self-Care	X	X	X
Self-Direction	X	X	x /
Independent Living		X	X
Economic Self-sufficiency			/ X /

Assessment for Eligibility: Substantial Disability

Must include, at a minimum, service coordinator, physician, and psychologist

The Regional Center professional group shall consult

- applicant/individual,
- parents, guardians/ conservators,
- educators,
- advocates, and other representatives, if appropriate, willing to participate, and consent is obtained



1. Learning

Ability to acquire and apply knowledge or skills to new situations is substantially impaired even with special intervention

Consider:

- Intellectual Functioning
- Achievement levels
- Memory

"John"



2. Receptive/Expressive Language

Significant limitations in **both** the **comprehension** and **expression** of verbal and/or nonverbal communication resulting in functional impairments





3. Mobility

Significant limitations with independent ambulation

Note: Mobility does not refer to the ability to operate motor vehicles or use public transportation



4. Self-Care

Significant limitations in the ability to acquire or perform basic self-care skills

Consider:

- Personal hygiene
- Grooming
- Feeding



"Katie"









Significant impairment in the ability to make and apply personal and social judgments and decisions

Consider:

- Emotional development
- Interpersonal relations
- Personal independence





"Cole"







6. Capacity for Independent Living

Ability to perform age-appropriate independent living skills without the assistance of another person

Consider:

- Household tasks
- Significant difficulty managing multiple-step domestic activities (e.g., grocery shopping, laundry)
- Capacity to be left unsupervised
- Money management and budgeting
- Obtain appropriate health care



7. Economic Self-Sufficiency

The capacity to participate in vocational training or to obtain and maintain competitive employment without significant on-going support







How Are Substantial Disabilities Determined?

- No single test
- Based on available information:
 - History provided by family, caretakers, teachers, therapists, etc.
 - Direct observation
 - Past psycho-educational testing

In Summary



RCOC does a thorough and transdisciplinary review of conditions

Eligibility process is dynamic, ongoing, and areas considered vary by age

Questions?