

Intake & Eligibility: How One Becomes Eligible

Board of Directors' Training
February 6, 2025
Presented by
Intake & Health Resources Group

Objectives

- Introduction to the Intake and Eligibility Teams
- Categories of Eligibility
- Eligibility Process
- Changes to Eligibility

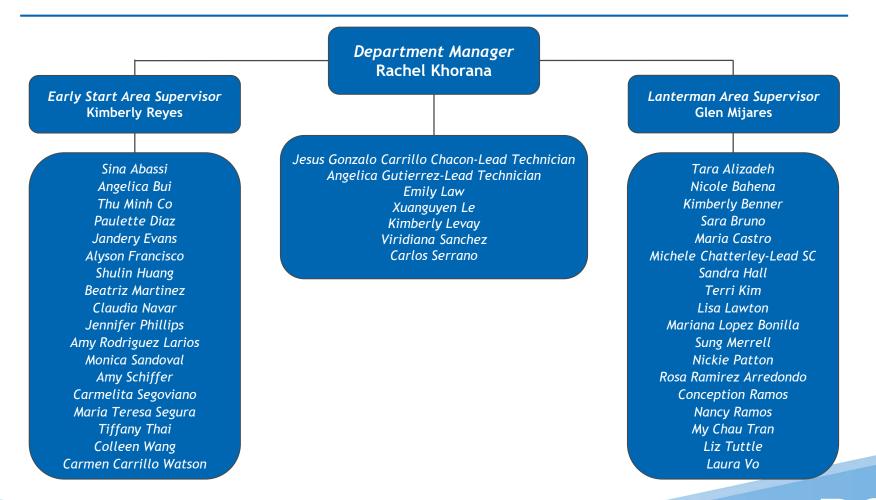


Meet the Teams

- Intake Department
- Health Resources Group

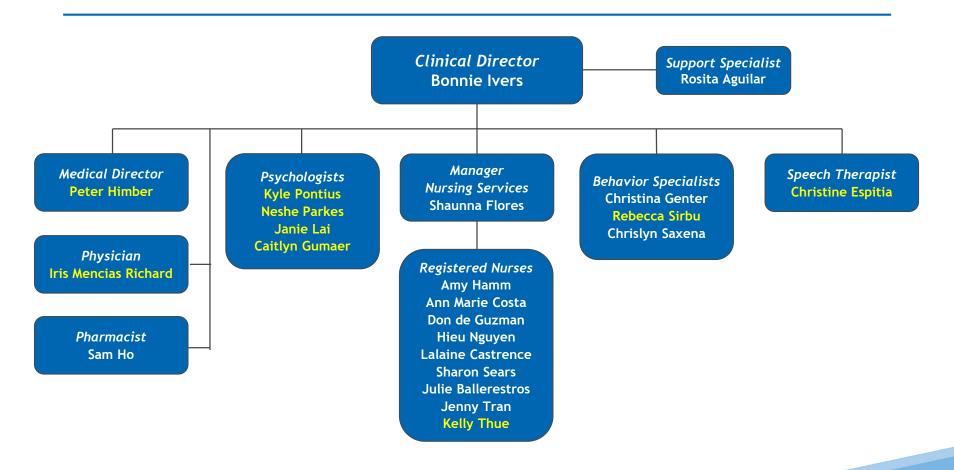


Intake Department





Health Resources Group





Regional Center Programs

Early Start Birth to 36 months

<u>Provisional Lanterman</u> <u>Birth-5 years</u> (Previously 3-4 years)

<u>Lanterman</u> Age 3 through Adulthood

- Enacted in 1986 (under IDEA
- Meets the Federal Criteria
- Eligibility criteria defined by the stateCreated in 2021
- Created in 2021
- Expanded to 0-3 years in February 2024
- Eligibility criteria defined by the state
- Has existed since the establishment of regional centers









Let's Talk About Early Start













Criteria for Early Start

Infants and toddlers (birth-36 months) who are at risk of having developmental disabilities or who have a developmental delay may qualify for services.

- Developmental delay of at least 25% in one or more areas:
 - · cognitive
 - receptive or expressive language
 - social or emotional
 - adaptive
 - physical and motor development including *vision and hearing
- Established risk condition-conditions of known etiology with high probability of developmental delay
- High risk of having a substantial developmental disability due to a combination of biomedical risk factors and children who have a parent served through RCOC

*refer to Local Education Agency (LEA)



Early Start Eligibility Categories

Developmental Delay (25% delay)

Infant Stimulation Program / Monitor

High Risk

Prematurity
Biomedical factors
Respiratory support

Speech therapy,
Physical therapy,
Occupational therapy,
Behavioral Therapy,
& / or Global program

Established Risk

Severe brain injury (hypoxia, bleed, Infections)

Certain Genetic Conditions

Fetal Alcohol Syndrome (FAS)



Where Do Early Start Referrals Come From?

- Medical professionals
- Neonatal Intensive Care Units (NICUs)
 - CHOC
 - UCI health systems
 - Kaiser
 - Hoag
 - Saddleback
 - St. Jude/St. Joseph (Providence Health Care System)
- Collaboration with various clinics
- Self-referral
- Community partners
 - Help Me Grow
 - First 5 of California
 - Public Health Nursing
 - Family Support Network (developmental screenings)
 - Orange County Mental Health
 - Social Services Agencies (from OC, LA, Riverside)
- Pre-schools



Overview of RCOC Early Start Eligibility Process

Family applies

Developmental assessments are conducted as appropriate

Early Start Intake SC & Specialists review documentation

Eligibility decision made (within 45 days)



Let's Talk About Lanterman













Lanterman Developmental Disabilities Services Act (Criteria for Lanterman Eligibility)

- Developmental Disability (must have one of the following):
 - Autism
 - Cerebral Palsy
 - Intellectual Disability
 - Epilepsy
 - Conditions closely related to, or that require treatment similar to, those that are required for an intellectual disability
- Originate prior to age 18
- Be expected to continue indefinitely
- Be a substantial disability-meaning the person experiences significant limitations in three or more areas of major life activity



5th Category: Conditions Similar

Conditions closely related to, or that require treatment similar to, those that are required for an intellectual disability.

The law does not define "closely related to" nor "treatment similar".

There are many conditions that <u>may</u> fall under this category, such as:

- Genetic syndromes
- Traumatic-brain injury
- Borderline Intellectual Functioning
- Global Developmental Delay
- Neurological or Cognitive Disorders



Genetic Conditions









Genetic conditions that have expected poor developmental outcome.

- ✓ Trisomy 21 (Down Syndrome)
- Cornelia de Lange Syndrome
- ✓ Cri-du-chat Syndrome (Cat's Cry/5p deletion)
- ✓ Kabuki Syndrome
- ✓ Fragile X (not carrier but with full mutation)



What Conditions are NOT Developmental Disabilities

(NOT Lanterman Act eligible conditions)

- Solely psychiatric disorders
 - Bipolar Disorder
 - Schizophrenia
 - Personality Disorders
- Solely learning disabilities
 - Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder
 - Dyslexia
 - Math Disorder
 - Non-Verbal Learning Disability
- Conditions that are solely physical
 - Blindness
 - Deaf/Hard of Hearing
 - Spinal cord injury
 - Most muscle diseases such as muscular dystrophy



What Is Substantial Disability?

- Significant functional limitations in at least <u>three areas</u> of major life activity (activities of daily living):
 - Self care
 - Receptive & expressive language
 - Learning
 - Mobility
 - Self-direction
 - Capacity for independent living
 - Economic self-sufficiency

Substantial disability is the result of the identified developmental disability (not due to another condition)



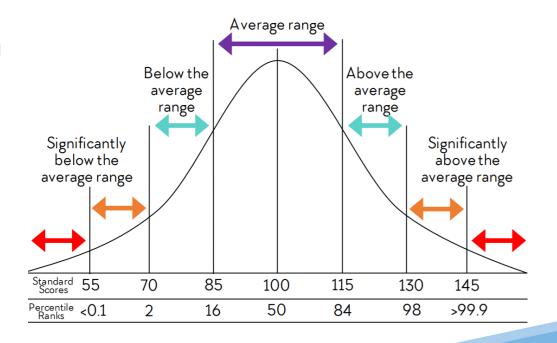
The 7 Areas of Major Life Functioning

Area	Age		
	Birth to 5	6 to 18	Over 18
Receptive & Expressive Language	X	X	X
Learning	X	X	X
Mobility	X	X	X
Self-Care	X	X	X
Self-Direction	X	X	X
Capacity for Independent Living		X	X
Economic Self-sufficiency			X



How is Substantial Disability Determined

- No single test
- Interviews with circle of support
- Current and past testing
- Direct observations
- Transdisciplinary assessment if needed





Provisional Lanterman Eligibility

A child, birth to 5 years old, may be provisionally eligible for regional center services if the child has a disability that is not solely physical in nature and has significant functional limitations in at least two of the following major life areas:

- Learning
- Receptive & Expressive Language
- Self-Care
- Self-Direction
- Mobility



Collaboration Intake & Health Resources Group





Where Do Our Lanterman Referrals Come From?

- Medical professionals
- Schools and School Districts
- Adult Transition Programs
- Self-referral
- Partnership with community agencies
 - Orange County Mental Health
 - Social Services Agency
 - Department of Rehabilitation
 - Interagency Juvenile Competency Attainment Team (IJCAT)
- Hospitals
- Courts
- Vendors
- Various advocacy groups
- Ongoing community outreach



Overview of RCOC Lanterman Eligibility Process

Intake Service
Coordinator conducts
a meeting with
applicant (and circle
of support)

Relevant records are gathered and a comprehensive social assessment report is completed

RCOC physician and psychologist review all available information and if necessary, further assessments are conducted

Intake SC, physician and psychologist reach a consensus on an eligibility decision within 120 days



When an Applicant is Found Eligible

- Applicant / circle of support is notified
- An ongoing Lanterman service coordinator is assigned
- An Individual Program Plan (IPP) is developed to determine needed services
 - This happens within 30 days after the applicant (and / or circle of support) are notified of the eligibility decision



When an Applicant is Found Ineligible

- Applicant / circle of support is notified
- A formal letter explaining denial of eligibility
- Fair Hearing / Appeals (FH) packet which includes a Notice of Action (NOA)
 - An appeal must be received within 60 days
- Re-application (in the future)
 - Any applicant can reapply in the future if progress is not made as expected and there is new and relevant information

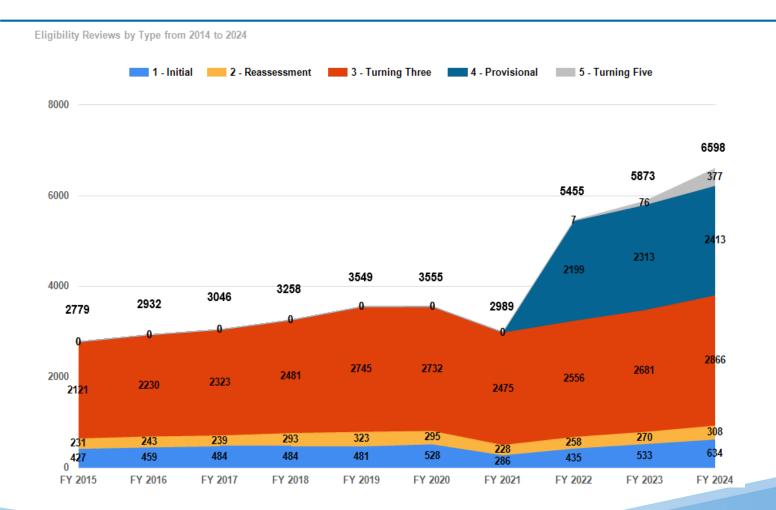


Changes to Eligibility





Eligibility Reviews





Why It is Important to Get Eligibility Right

- Lanterman Act (Entitlement)
 - Following the law
 - Stewards of tax dollars
- Errors in eligibility can inadvertently cause issues accessing other systems
 - If receiving regional center services, this can prevent someone from receiving services from another system



Transparency

- RCOC website
- RCOC brochures
- RCOC Eligibility & Services flyer
- Intake inquiries
 - Intake Main Reception (714) 796-5354
 - Intake@rcocdd.com
- Ask a question
 - askaquestion@rcocdd.com





www.rcocdd.com | 714.796.5100

